Reducing Urine-Marking in Dogs & Cats

Much like miners during the gold rush, dogs and cats are territorial animals. They "stake a claim" to a particular space, area, or object. They let other people and animals know about their claim by marking it using a variety of methods at different levels of intensity. For example, a dog may bark to drive away what he perceives to be intruders in his territory. A cat may mark a valued object by rubbing her head against it.

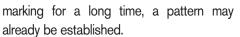
Some pets may go to the extreme of urinating or defecating to mark a particular area as their own. Urine-marking is not a house soiling problem. Instead, it is considered territorial behavior. Therefore, to resolve the problem, you need to address the underlying reason for your pet's need to mark his territory in this way. Before this can be done, however, take your pet to the veterinarian to rule out any medical causes for his behavior.

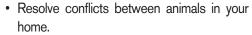
House Soiling or Urine-Marking: How to Tell the Difference Your Pet May Be Urine-Marking If . . .

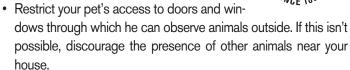
- The problem is primarily urination. Dogs and cats rarely mark with feces.
- The amount of urine is small and is found primarily on vertical surfaces. (Dogs and cats do sometimes mark on horizontal surfaces.) Leg-lifting and spraying are dominant versions of urinemarking, but even if your pet doesn't assume these postures, he may still be urine-marking.
- Any pet in your home is not spayed or neutered. Intact males and females are both more likely to urine-mark than are spayed or neutered animals. However, even spayed or neutered animals may mark in response to other intact animals in the home.
- Your pet urinates on new objects in the environment (a shopping bag, a visitor's purse), on objects that have unfamiliar smells, or on objects that have another animal's scent.
- Your pet has conflicts with other animals in your home. When
 there's instability in the pack hierarchy, a dog may feel a need to
 establish his dominance by urine-marking his territory. If one cat
 is intimidating another cat, the bullied cat may express his anxiety by urine-marking.
- Your pet has contact with other animals outside your home. A
 cat who is allowed outdoors may come home and mark after
 having an encounter with another cat outside. If your pet sees
 another animal through a door or window, he may feel a need to
 mark his territory. Your dog marks frequently when you walk him.

What You Can Do

Spay or neuter your pet as soon as possible. Spaying or neutering your pet may stop urinemarking altogether. However, if he has been urine-







- Keep your cat indoors. He'll be safer, live longer, and feel less need to mark his territory.
- Clean soiled areas thoroughly. Don't use strong-smelling cleaners because they may cause your pet to "over-mark" the spot.
- Make previously soiled areas inaccessible or unattractive. If this
 isn't possible, try to change the significance of those areas to
 your pet. Feed, treat, and play with your pet in the areas he is
 inclined to mark.
- Keep objects likely to cause marking out of reach. Items such as guests' belongings and new purchases should be placed in a closet or cabinet.
- If your pet is marking in response to a new resident in your home (such as a roommate or spouse), have the new resident make friends with your pet by feeding, grooming, and playing with him.
 If you have a new baby, make sure good things happen to your pet when the baby is around.
- For dogs: Watch your dog when he is indoors for signs that he
 is thinking about urinating. When he begins to urinate, interrupt
 him with a loud noise and take him outside. If he urinates outside,
 praise him and give him a treat. When you're unable to watch
 him, put your dog in confinement (a crate or small room where
 he has never marked) or tether him to you with a leash.
- For dogs: Practice "nothing in life is free" with your dog. (See "Nothing in Life Is Free.") This is a safe, nonconfrontational way to establish your leadership and requires your dog to work for everything he wants from you. Have your dog obey at least one command (such as "sit") before you pet him, give him dinner, put on his leash, or throw him a toy. Establishing yourself as a strong leader can help stabilize the hierarchy and thus diminish your dog's need to mark his territory.
- For cats: Try to monitor your cat's movements. If he sniffs in an
 area he has previously marked, interrupt him with a loud noise or
 squirt him with water. It's best if you can do this without him seeing you. That way, he'll associate the unpleasantness with his
 intent to mark, rather than with you.

What Not to Do

Don't punish your pet after the fact. Punishment administered even a minute after the event is ineffective because your pet won't understand why he is being punished.



Pets Aren't People

Dogs and cats don't urinate or defecate out of spite or jealousy. If your dog urinates on your baby's diaper bag, it's not because he is jealous of, or dislikes, your baby. The unfamiliar scents and sounds of a new baby in the home are simply causing him to reaffirm his claim on his territory. Likewise, if your cat urinates on your new boyfriend's backpack, it does not reflect his opinion of your taste in men. Instead, he has perceived the presence of an "intruder" and is letting the intruder know that this territory belongs to him.

Dominance or Anxiety?

Urine-marking is usually associated with dominance behavior. Some pets, though, may mark when they feel anxious or upset. For example, a new baby in the home brings new sounds, smells, and people, as well as changes in routine. Your dog or cat probably isn't getting as much attention as he was used to getting. All of these changes cause him to feel anxious, which may cause him to mark. Likewise, a pet who is generally anxious may become more so by the presence of roaming neighborhood animals in your yard or by the introduction of a new cat or dog into your household. If your pet is feeling anxious, you might consider talking to your veterinarian about medications to reduce his anxiety while you try behavior modification techniques.

If you need further assistance go to www.petsforlife.org, www.mobilespca.org or email the Mobile SPCA at spca@mobilespca.org



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Maddie's Fund, The Pet Rescue Foundation, (www.maddiesfund.org) is a family foundation funded by PeopleSoft and Workday Founder Dave Duffield, and his wife, Cheryl, to help create a no-kill nation. The first step is to help develop programs that guarantee loving homes for all healthy shelter dogs and cats throughout the country. The next step is to save the sick, injured and poorly behaved pets in animal shelters nationwide. Maddie's Fund is named after the family's beloved Miniature Schnauzer who passed away in 1997.